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| APPLICATION NO. | FI | LING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|---|------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 10/646,360 | 08/22/2003 | | Apparao M. Rao | CXU-400 | 8625 |
| 22827 | 7590 | 03/07/2006 | | EXAMINER | |
| DORITY & | | • | FULLER, ERIC B | | |
| POST OFFICE BOX 1449 GREENVILLE, SC 29602-1449 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | , | | | 1762 | |

DATE MAILED: 03/07/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/646,360 | RAO ET AL. | | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | | |
| | Eric B. Fuller | 1762 | | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI | I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>22 December</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Expression in the practice of the | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-45 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-45 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access the second are subjected to the second access to the second are subjected to the second access | vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b)□ objected to by the B | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the care Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj | ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant has added the limitation of the reaction temperature being at least 650 degrees and argues that since the primary reference teaches that the reaction temperature is less than 500 degrees Celsius, it fails to anticipate the newly added limitation. This has been found convincing and the rejections of the previous Office Action have been withdrawn. Applicant's arguments are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claims contain subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventors, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specification lacks support for the entire range of the reaction temperature being "at least 650 degrees Celsius".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Majumdar et al. (US 2002/0172820).

Majumdar teaches the applicant's claims in example 1. Specifically, a metal is melted at temperatures between 600-800 degrees Celsius, a reactant source of Si, Ge, or ZnO is fed and reacted, and the product forms nanometer sized droplets than grow into nanowires. The formation of the droplets reads on the wetting characteristics claimed. All other limitations are read upon as discussed in the previous Office Action in which this reference was used as a secondary reference.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharma et al. (US 2003/0039602 A1).

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Sharma teaches a method of depositing gallium droplets to a graphite substrate, melting the gallium, and reacting the melt pool with oxygen gas in order to form a nanowire (example 2). Although the reaction temperature is taught to be lower than that claimed, this is made possible by pre-forming the catalyst droplets instead of using heat to cause the droplets to pre-form (abstract, paragraph 49). From this teaching, one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that a process that does not use pre-formed droplets and uses a higher temperature to accomplish this action is a viable option for producing nanowires when energy costs are not considered. Even if the droplets are pre-formed, the higher temperature would still perform the process as indicated, just without the improvements taught. In essence, by teaching the improvement of using lower temperatures, the reference has shown that the claimed invention is known, or at least obvious. Thus, the reference at least makes obvious the claimed invention.

Claims 11-45 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharma et al. (US 2003/0039602 A1), as applied to claims above, and further in view of Majumdar et al. (US 2002/0172820 A1).

Sharma teaches the limitations above, but is silent to forming doped or hybrid nanowires. However, Majumdar teaches that by using a second reactant gas, hybrid and/or doped nanowires may be produced (examples 1 and 2). The benefit is that the nanowires have exploitable characteristics along the lengths of their surfaces.

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use a second reactant to form doped and/or hybrid

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nanowires. By doing so, one would reap the benefits of multiple exploitable characteristics along the lengths of the nanowires.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new grounds of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric B. Fuller whose telephone number is (571) 272-1420. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays through Thursdays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tim Meeks, can be reached on (571) 272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

EBF

TIMOTHY MEEKS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER